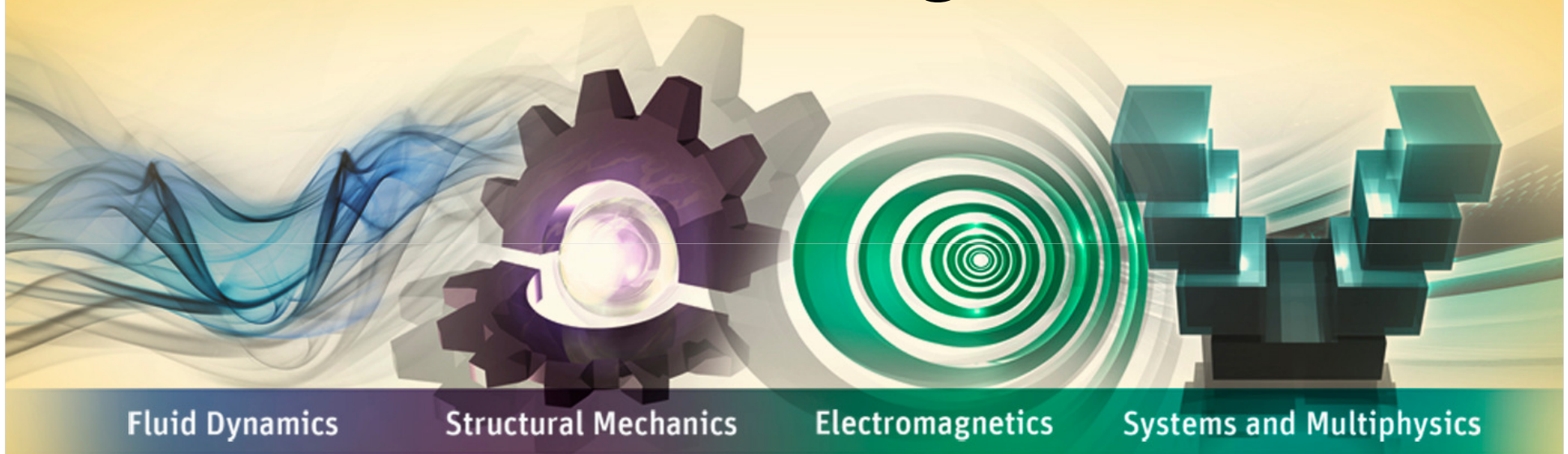


Investigation of the MiniPanda Benchmark using ANSYS CFD



Fluid Dynamics

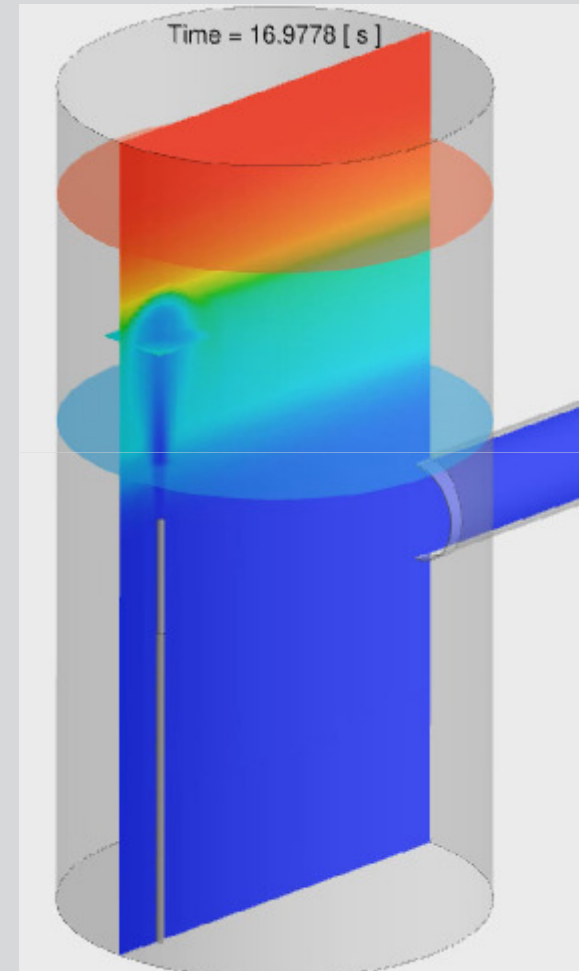
Structural Mechanics

Electromagnetics

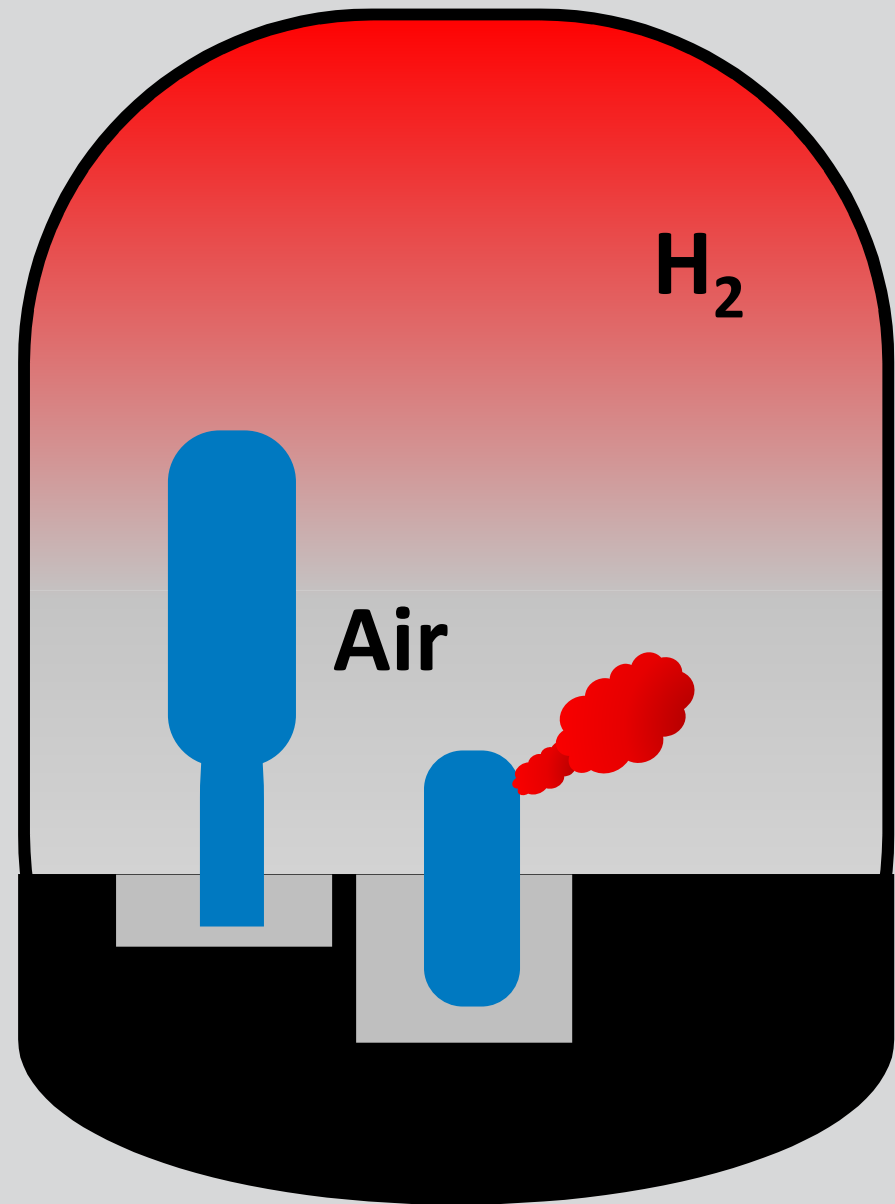
Systems and Multiphysics

Christoph Kasprzyk,
Thomas Frank,
Guillermo Zschaeck
ANSYS Germany, Otterfing

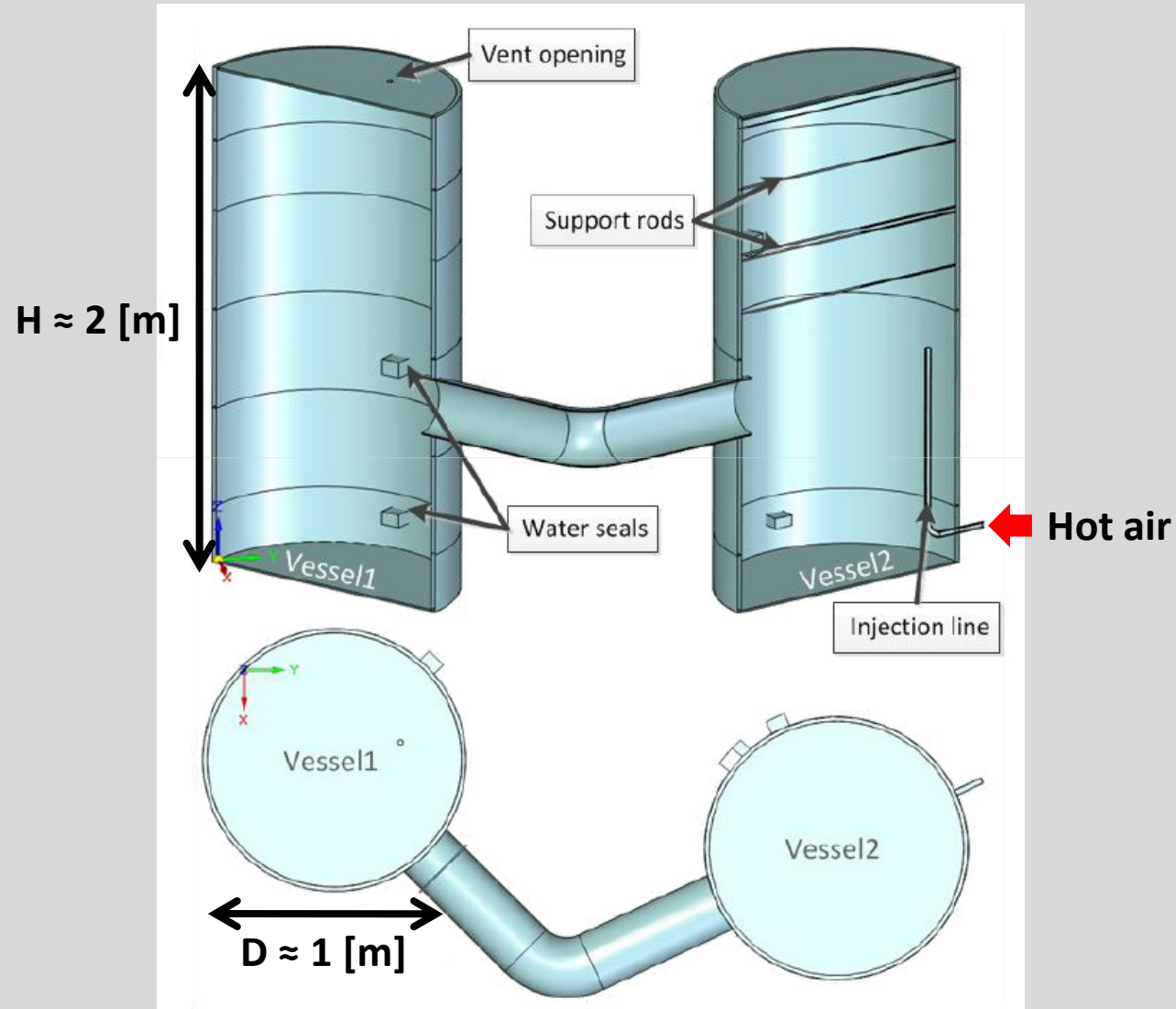
- **Motivation**
- **MiniPanda Benchmark**
 - The ETHZ / PSI experiment
 - CFD Setup
 - MPII_1 results
 - MPII_2 results
- **Conclusion**



- **Nuclear reactor accident**
 - Hydrogen release in containment
- **Simulation tasks:**
 - Prediction of containment atmosphere mixing
 - Prediction of critical H_2 concentrations
 - Pressure build-up

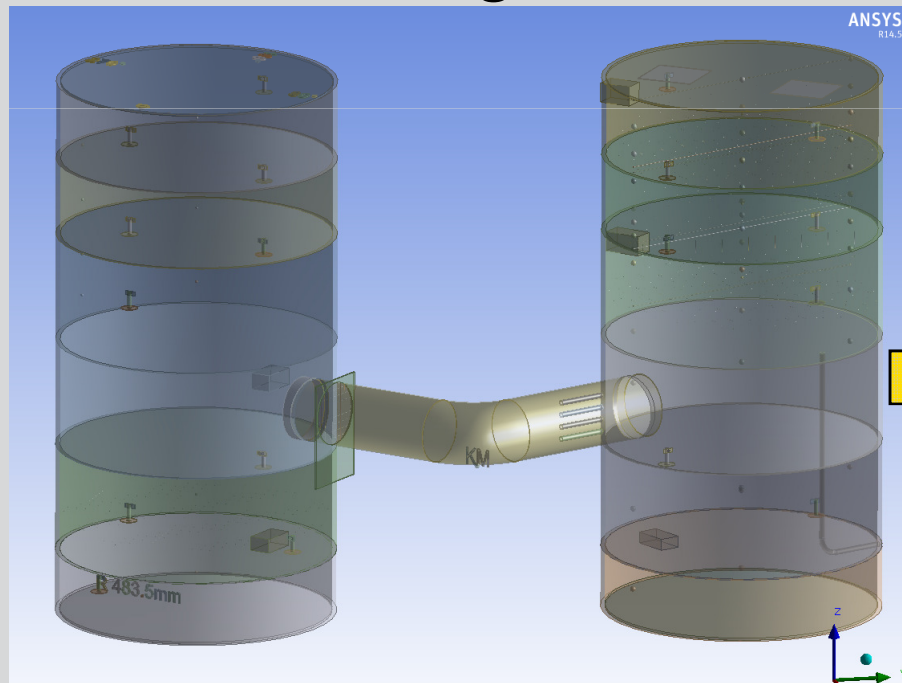


MiniPanda Test Facility

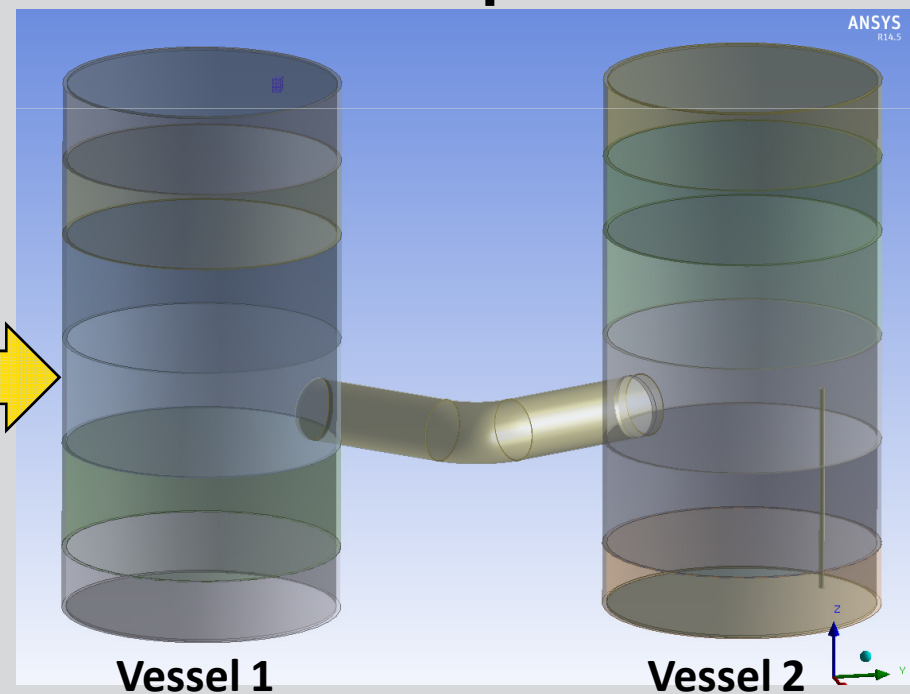


- CAD geometry provided by Kelm et al. (2012)

Original

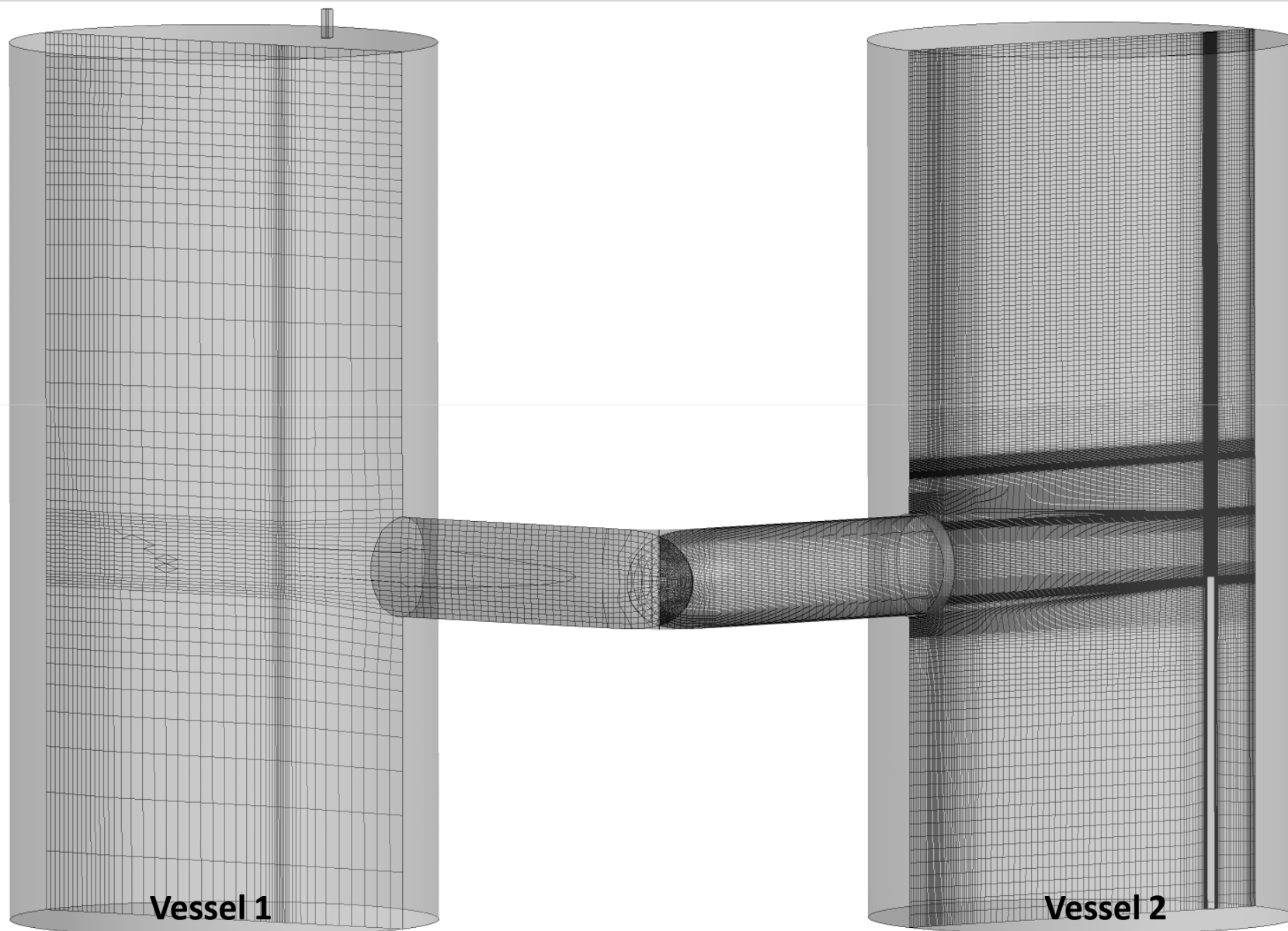


Simplified

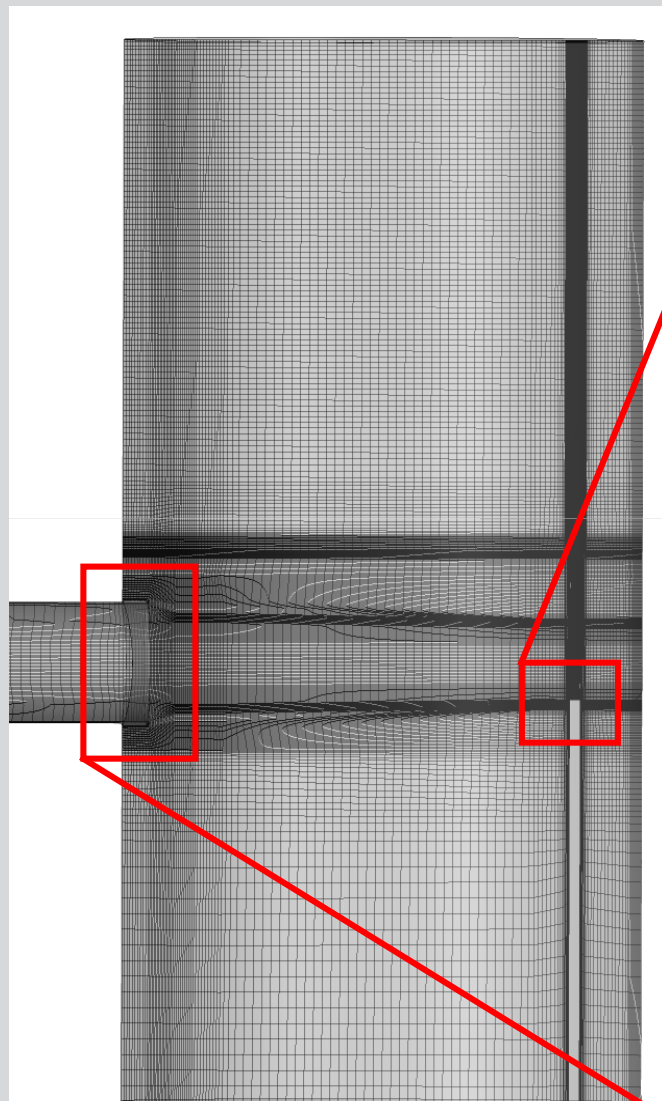


- **ANSYS ICEM CFD**
 - Structured hexahedral mesh

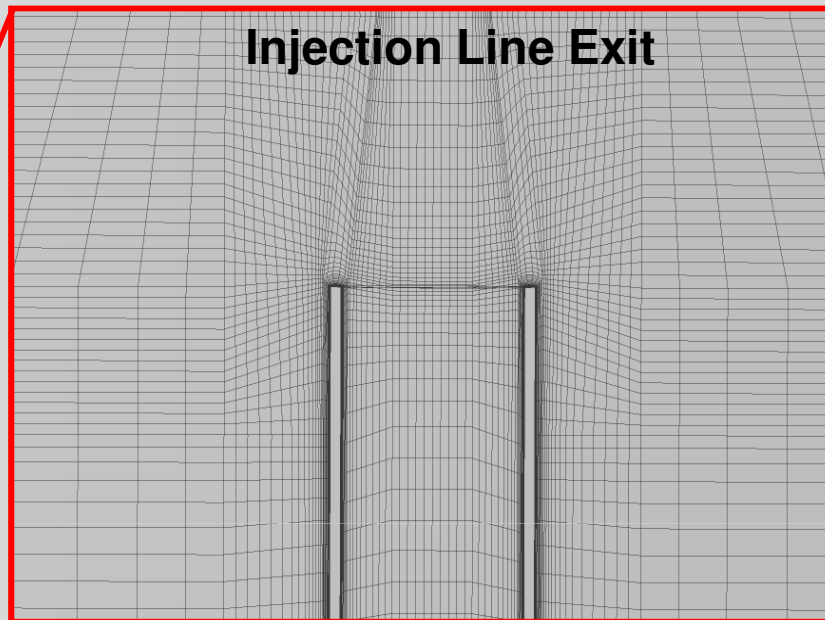
	Vessel1	Vessel2
Elements	176,648	5,340,238
Nodes	184,603	4,039,603
Max. Aspect Ratio	59	834
Min. Grid Angle	37.3°	29.1°
Average y^+ (t = 1500 s)	-	0.767



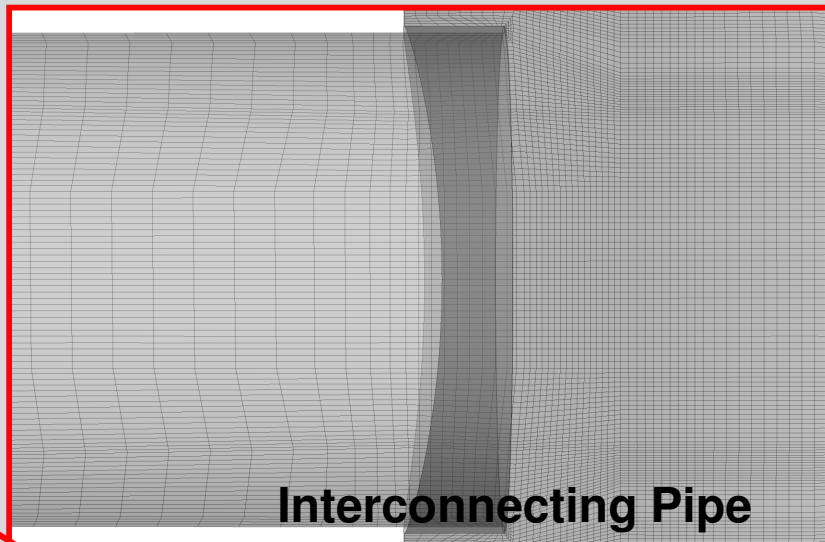
Mesh Information: Vessel2



Vessel 2

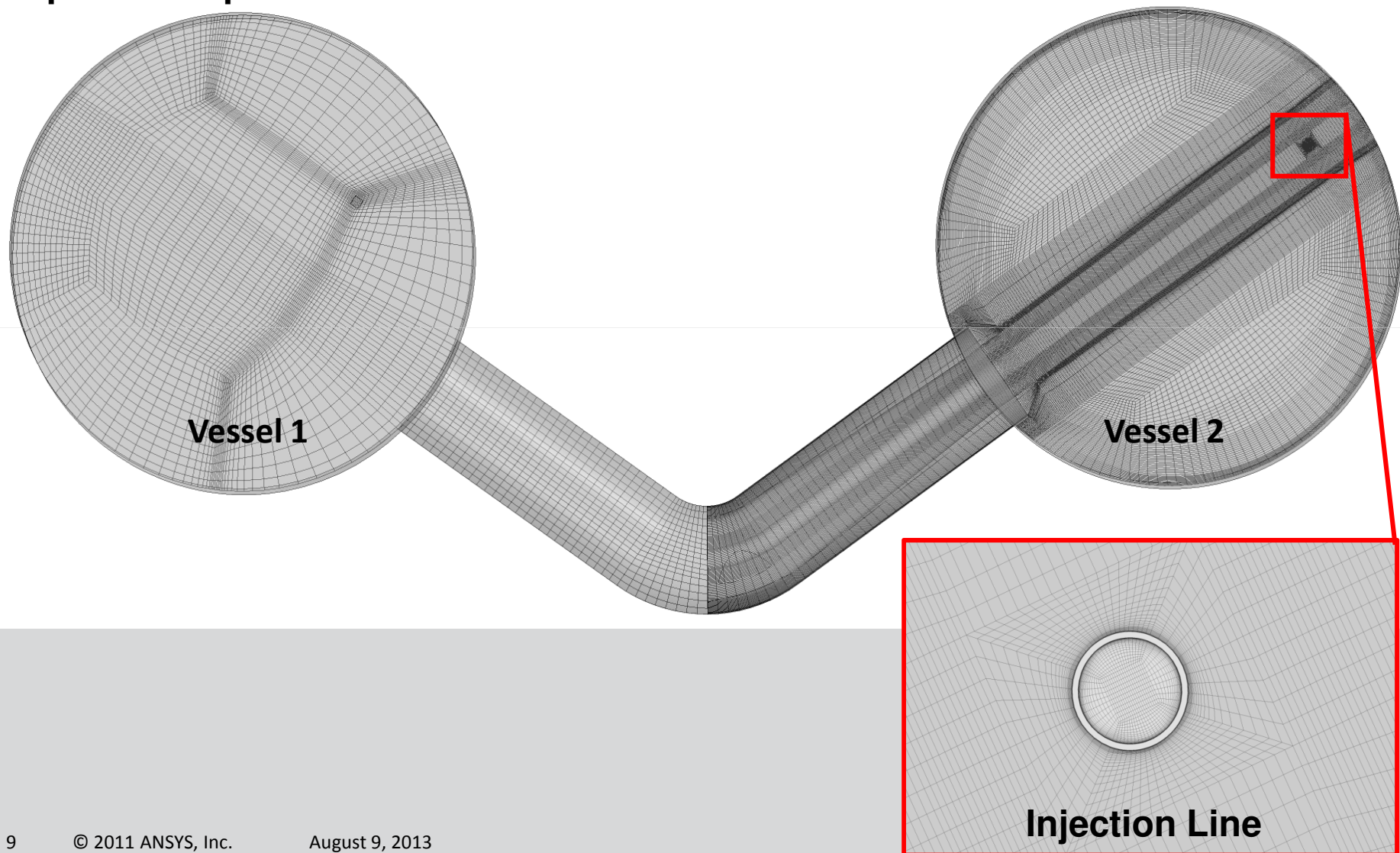


Injection Line Exit

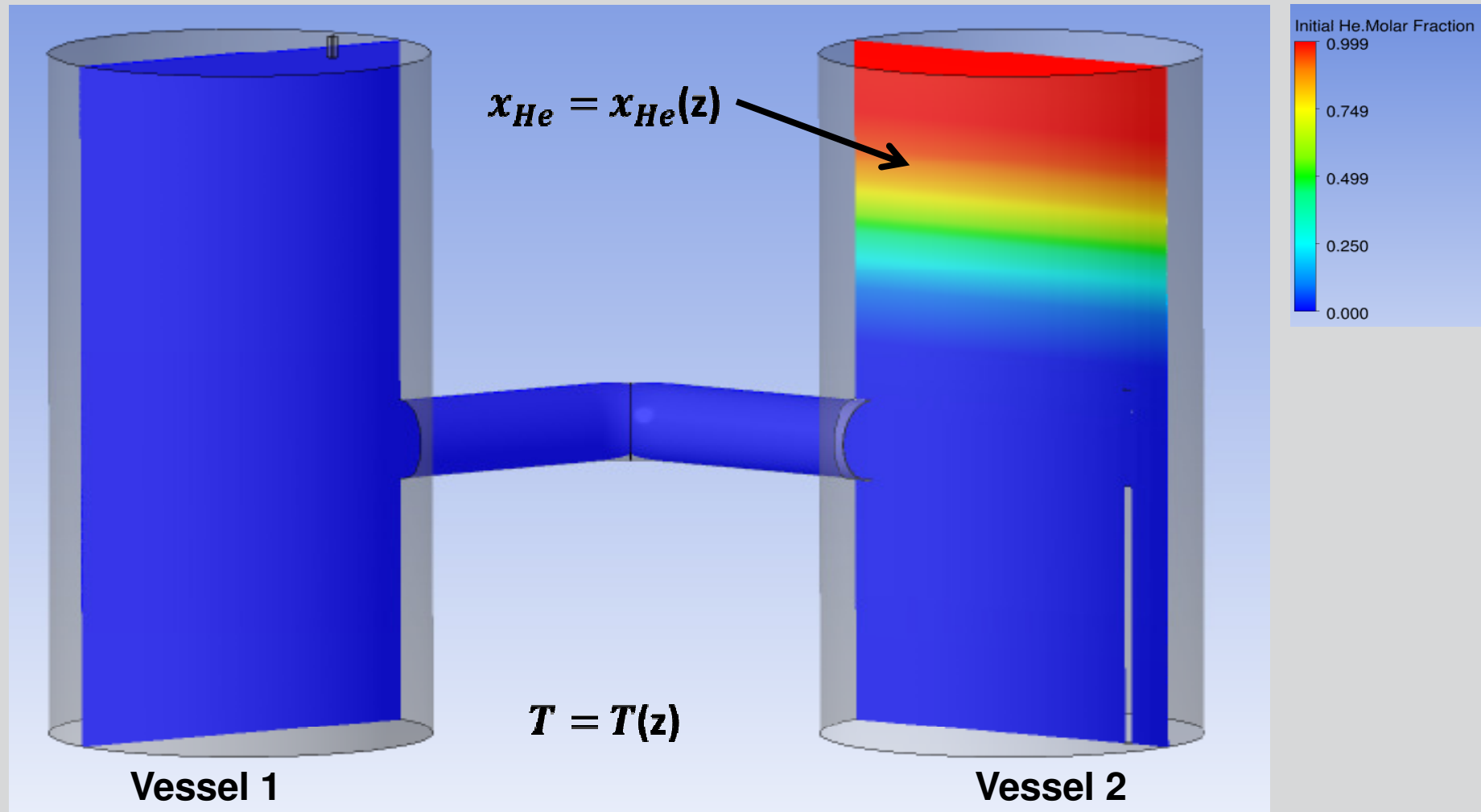


Interconnecting Pipe

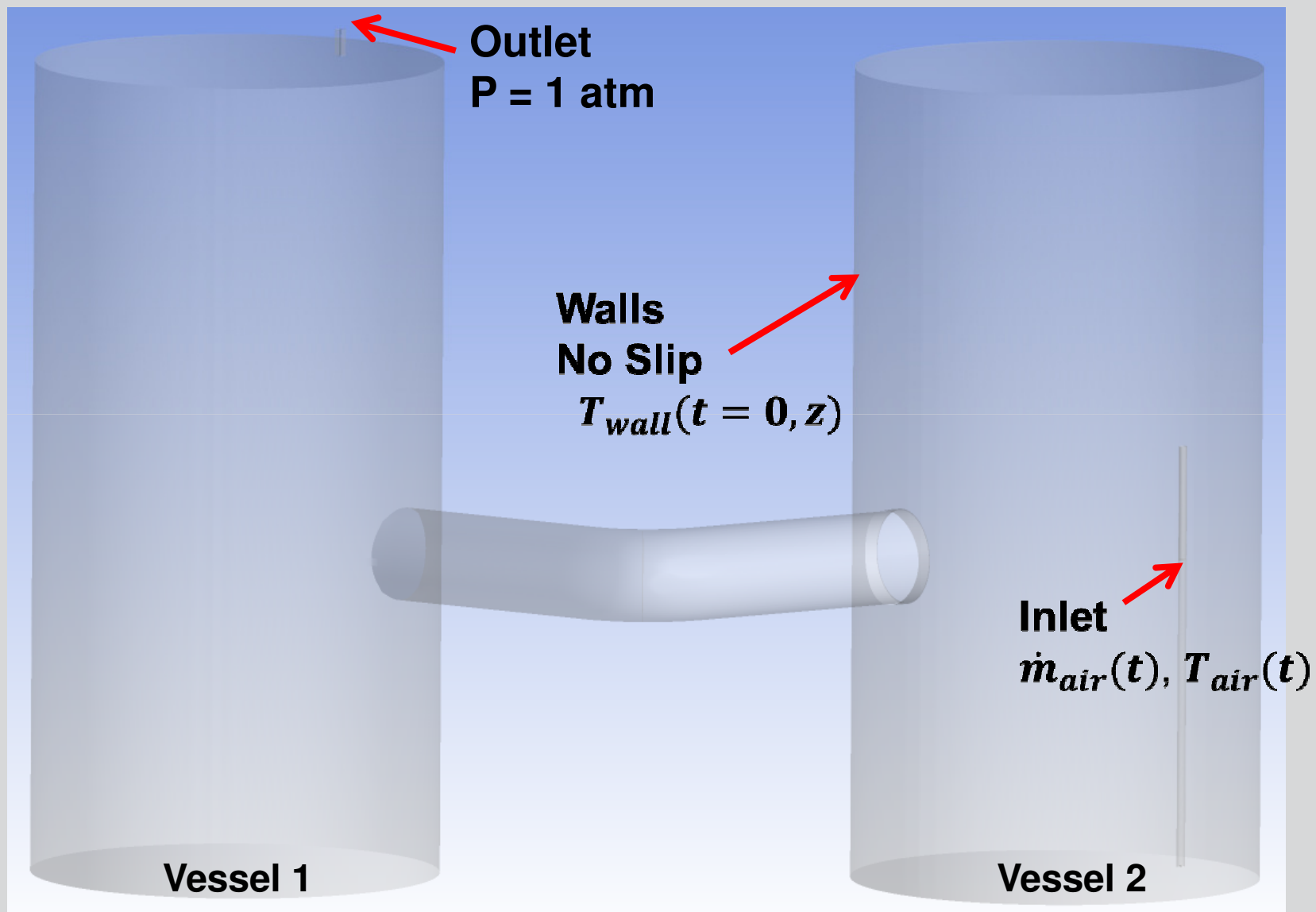
Top view on plane $z = 0.8$ m



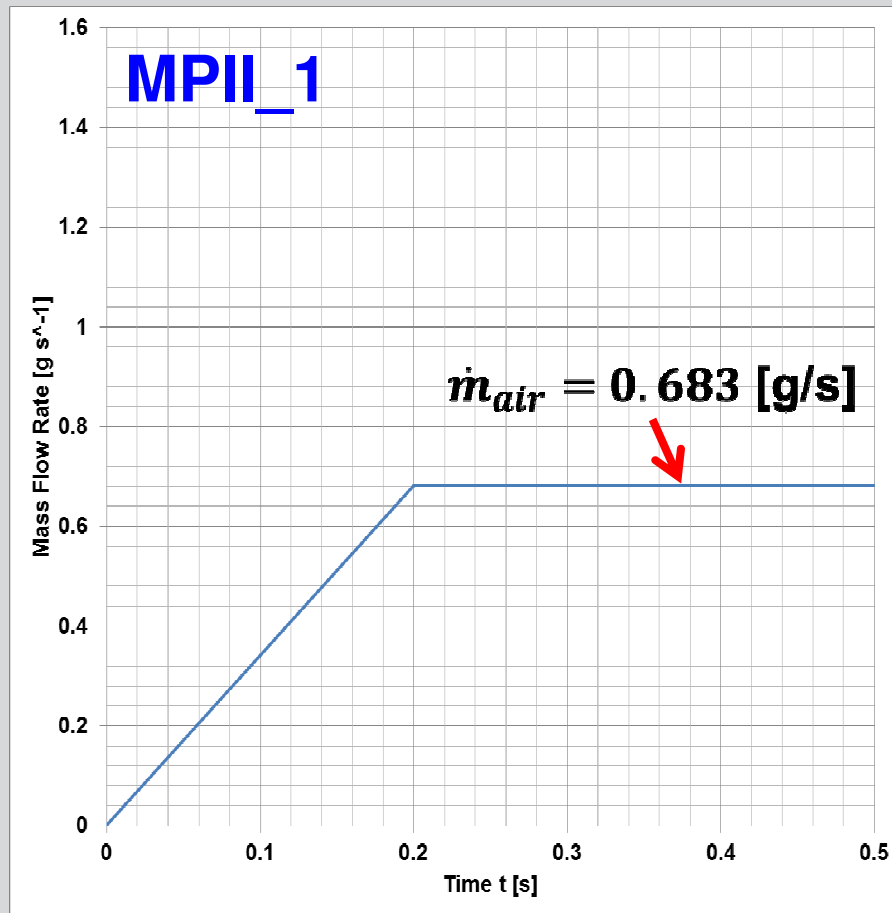
Initial Condition for He



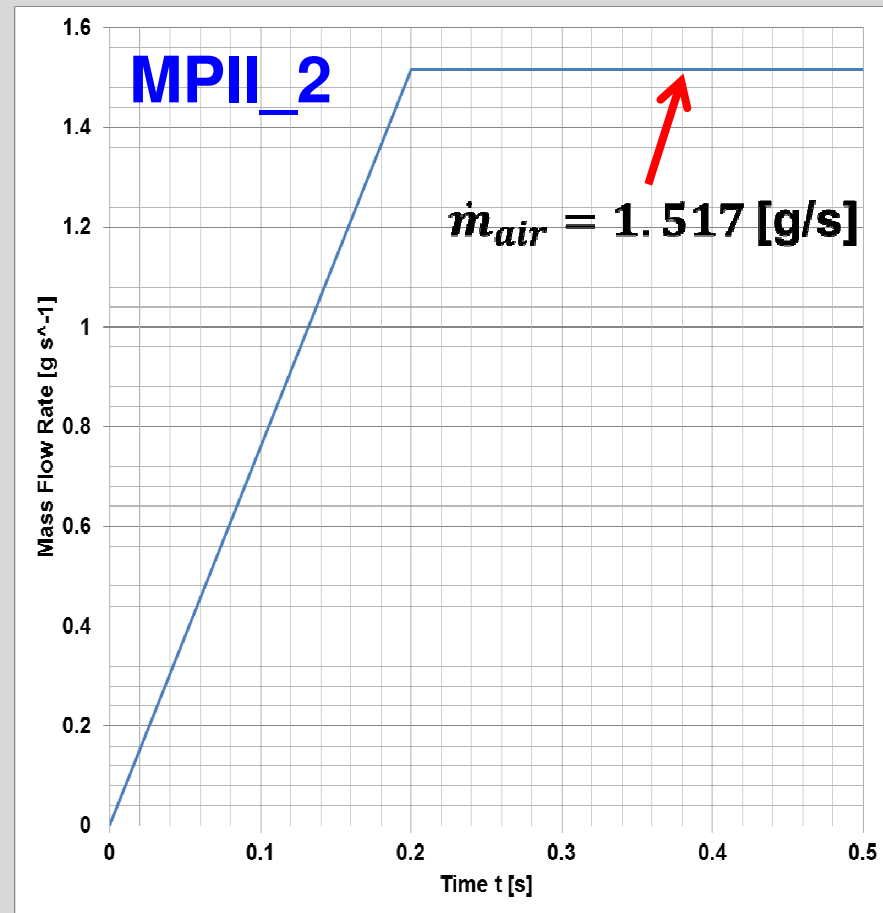
Boundary Conditions



Boundary Condition @Inlet

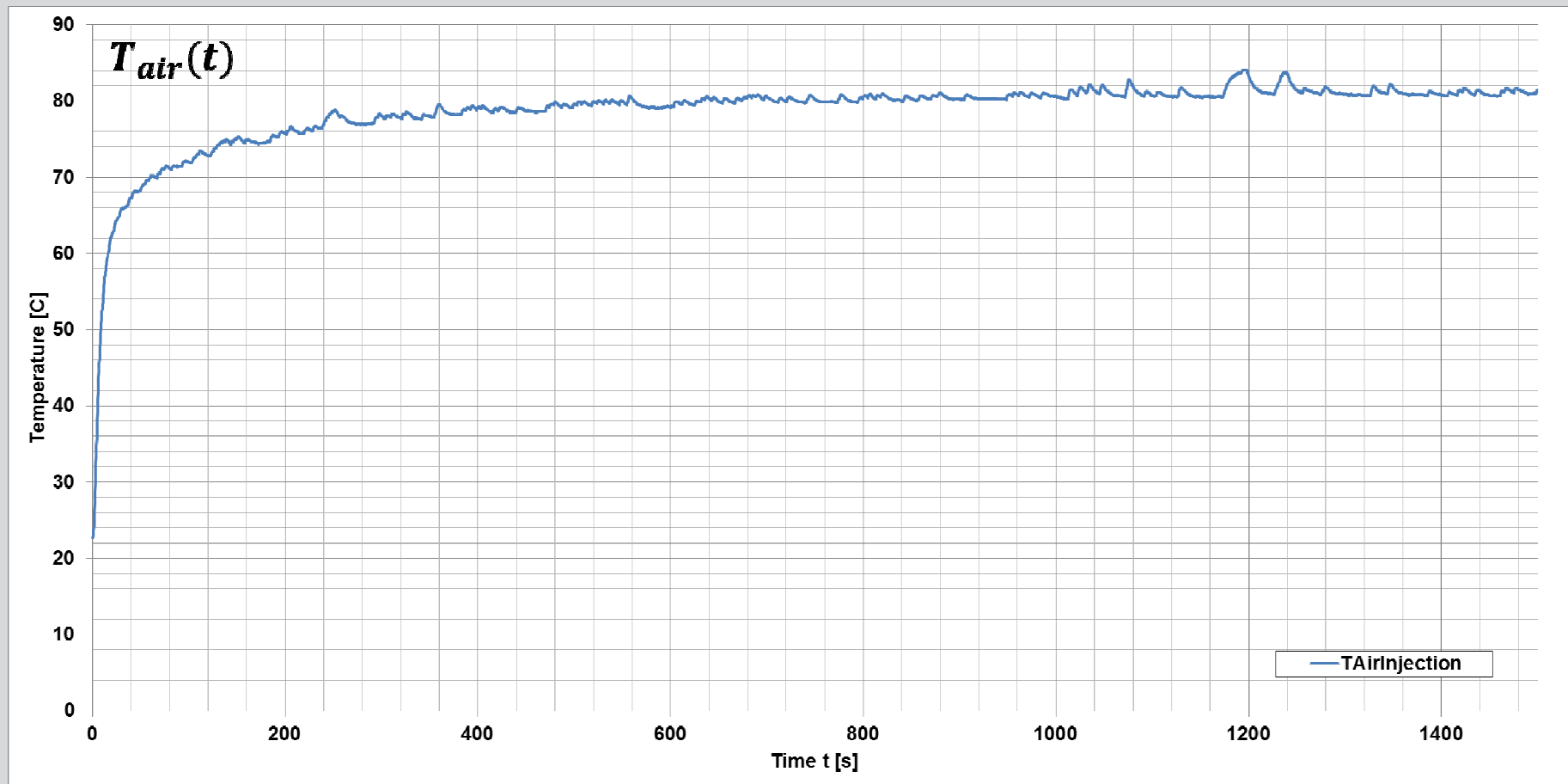


$Re_{inj}=2350$; $Fr_i=0.7$; $Pe_m=530$



$Re_{inj}=4400$; $Fr_i=1.3$; $Pe_m=990$

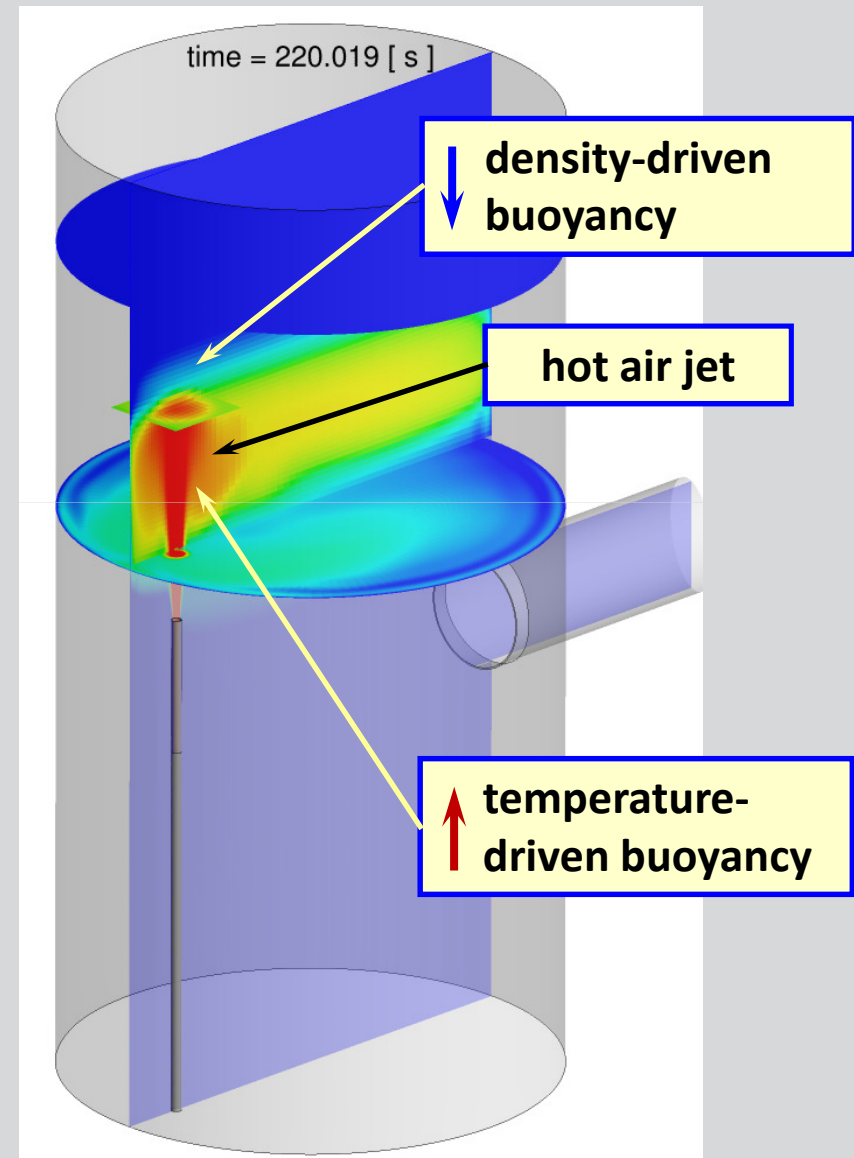
Boundary Condition @Inlet MPII_1



MPII_2 has approximately the same inlet temperature curve

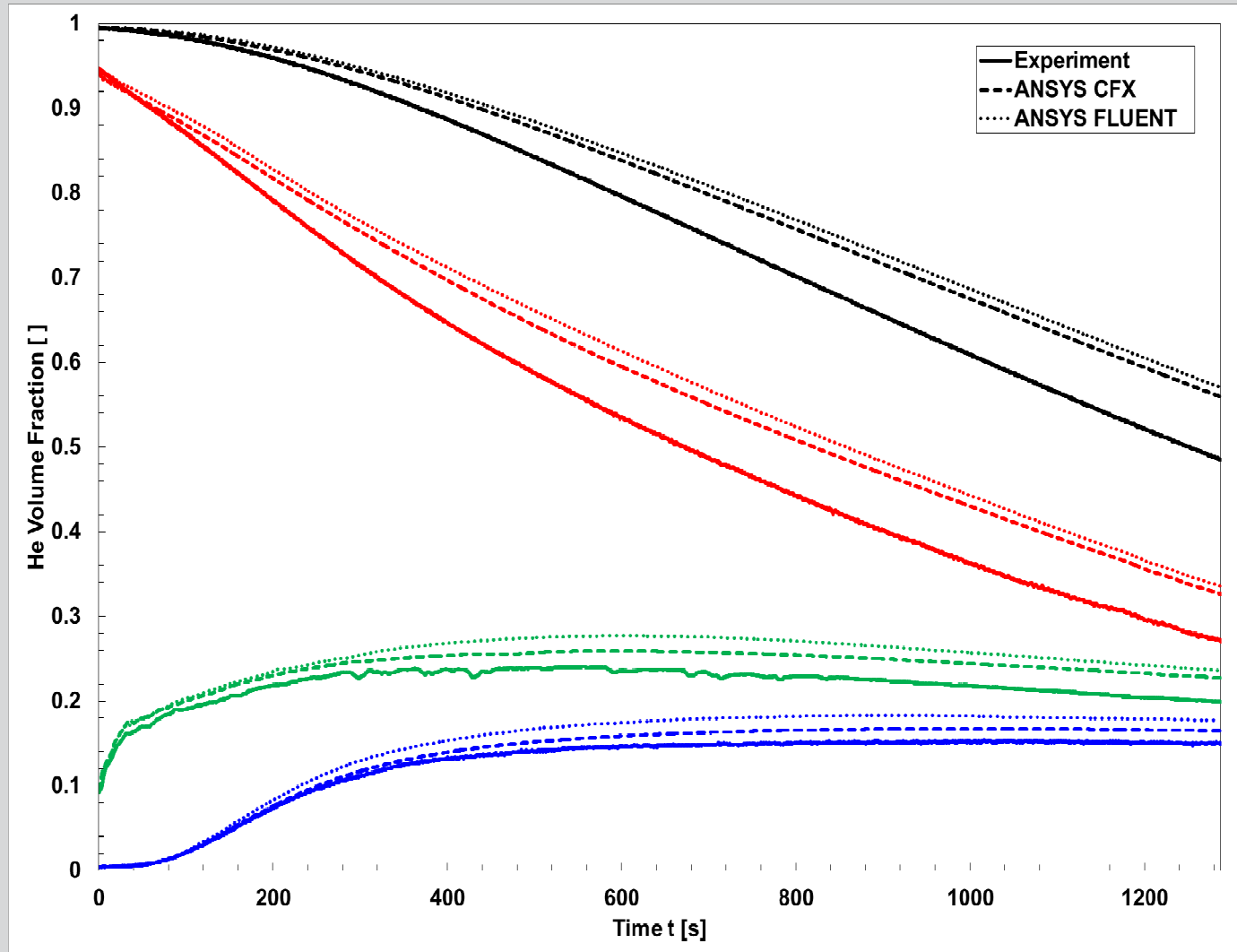
CFD Simulation Setup

- **URANS simulation**
 - 1800s real-time
 - Multicomponent fluid mixture
→ He as the constraint material
 - SST turbulence model
 - Buoyancy induced turbulence
→ production & dissipation
 - Kinematic diffusivity law for Air-He mixture
- **Time discretization:**
2nd order backward Euler
- **Advection scheme:**
HiRes / 2nd order upwind scheme
1st order for turbulence
- **Timestep:** $\Delta t = 0.01\text{s}, \dots, 0.05\text{s}$

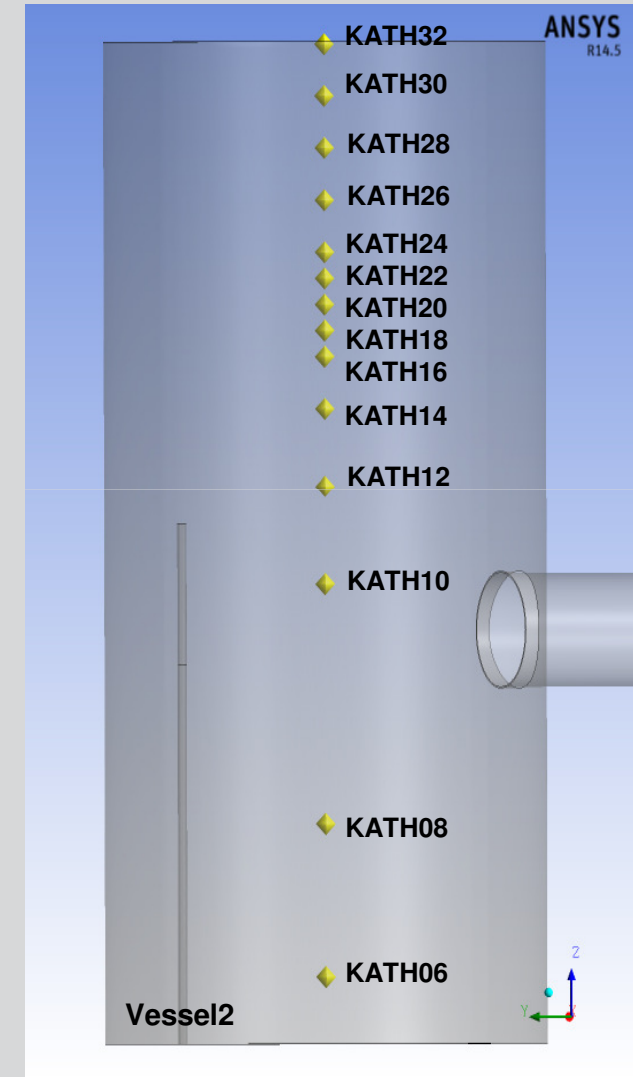
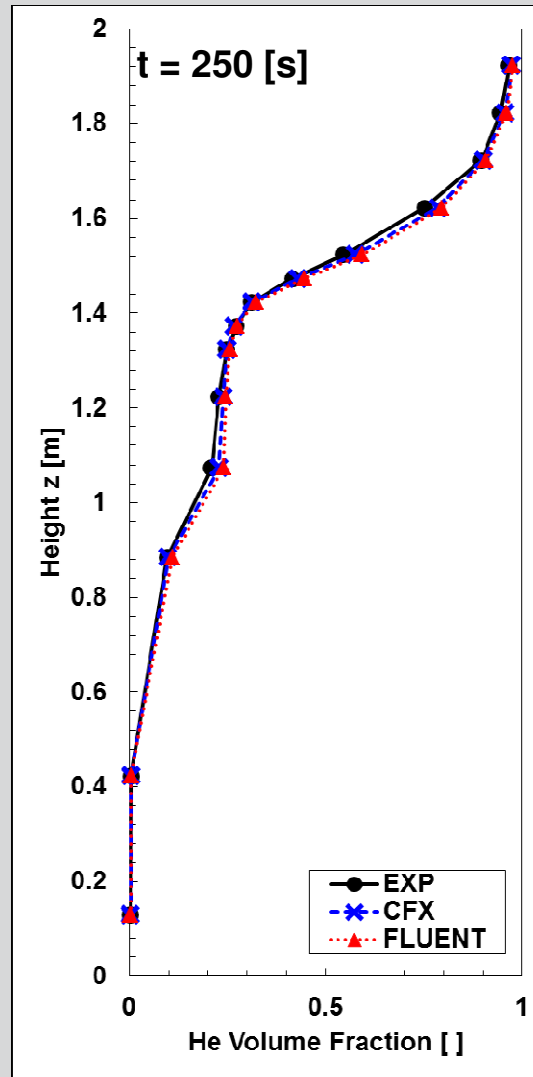
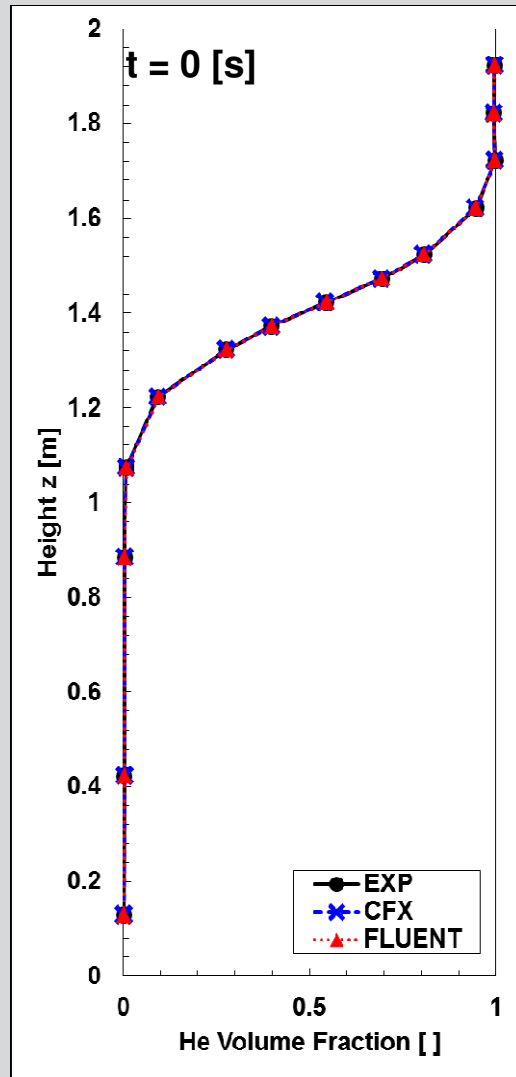


CFD Simulation Setup

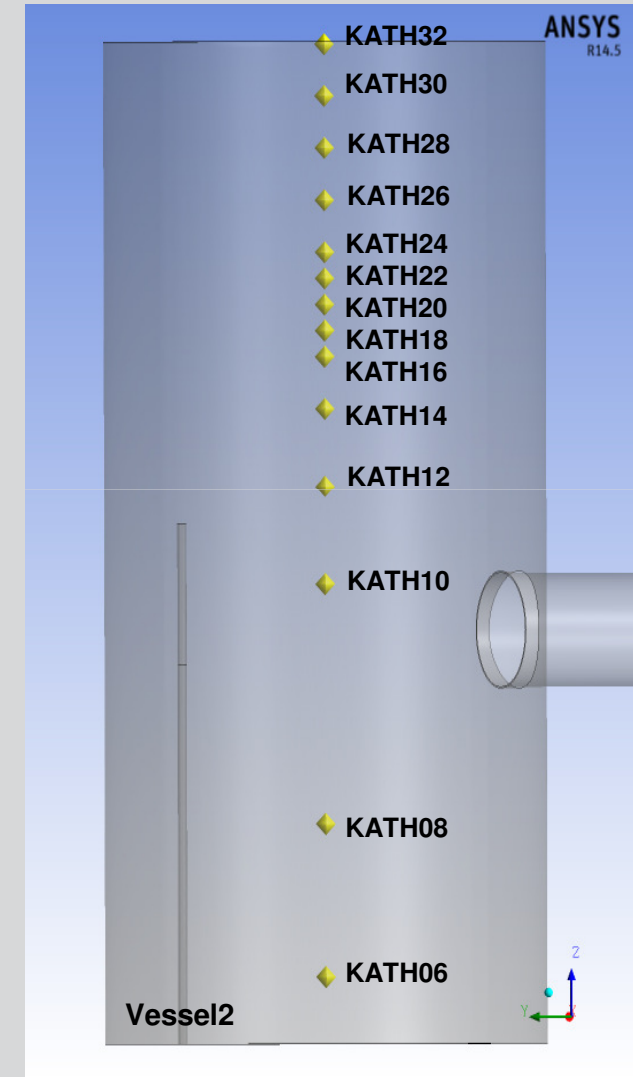
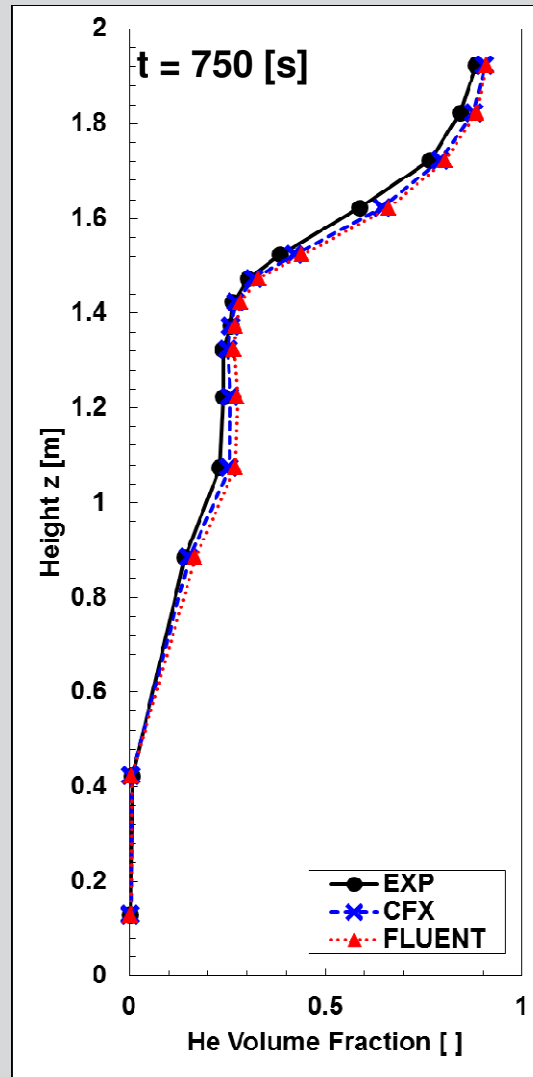
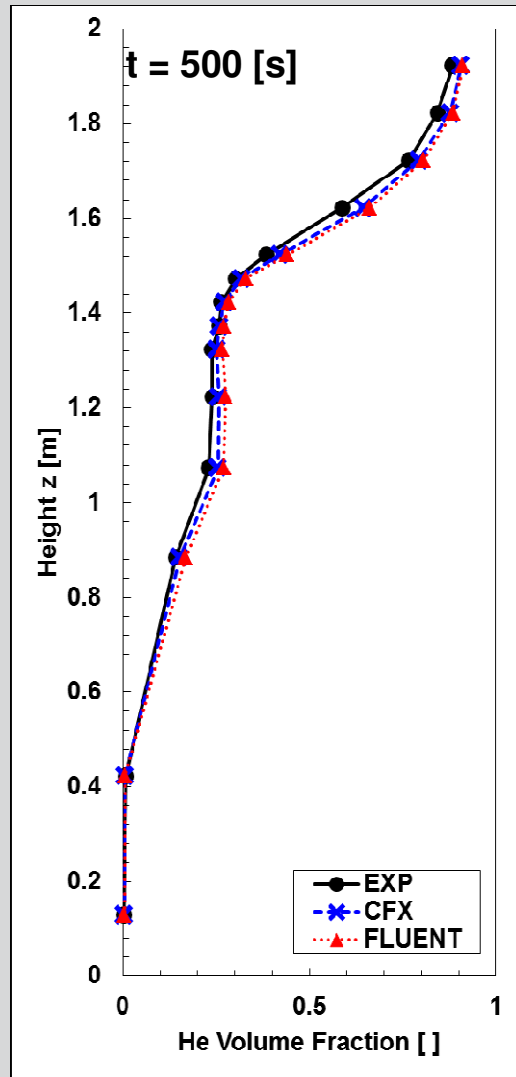
- **Main aim & difficulty of MiniPanda simulations:**
 - Include all relevant physics
 - Ensure required accuracy of the CFD simulation (mesh & time resolution, convergence)
 - Reduce computational time as much as possible
 - Increase simulation time step as much as possible for a feasible advancement of the CFD simulation in real-time
- **Due to this aim separate investigations had been carried out to determine:**
 - Grid resolution
 - Residual targets (RMS vs. MAX)
 - Convergence criteria
 - Time step



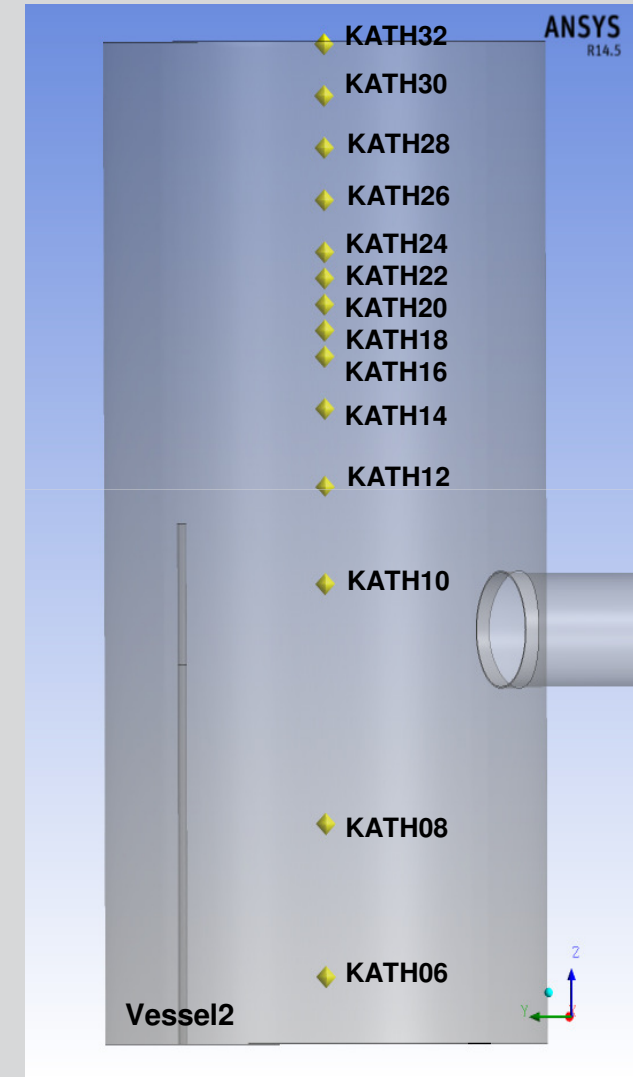
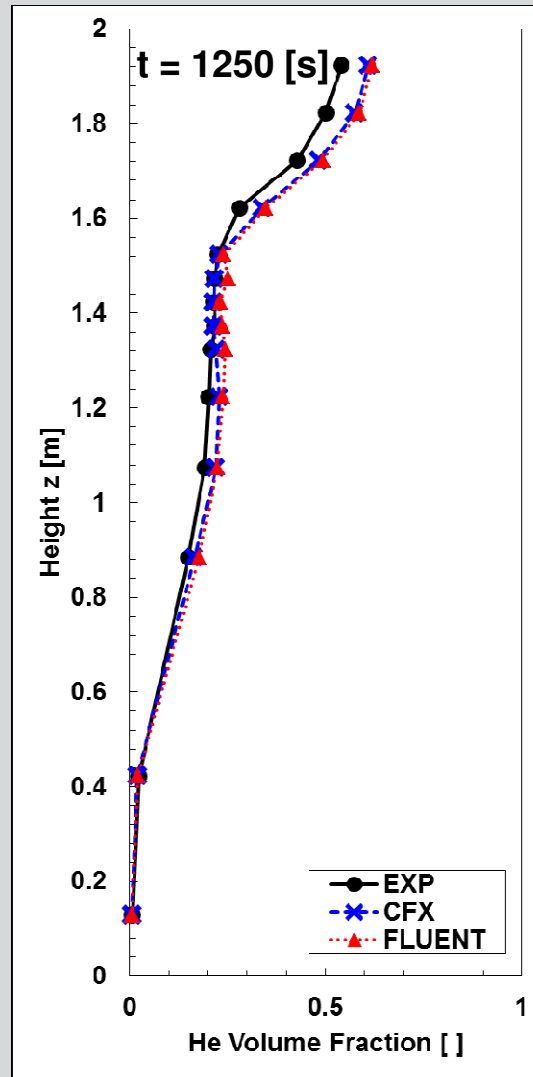
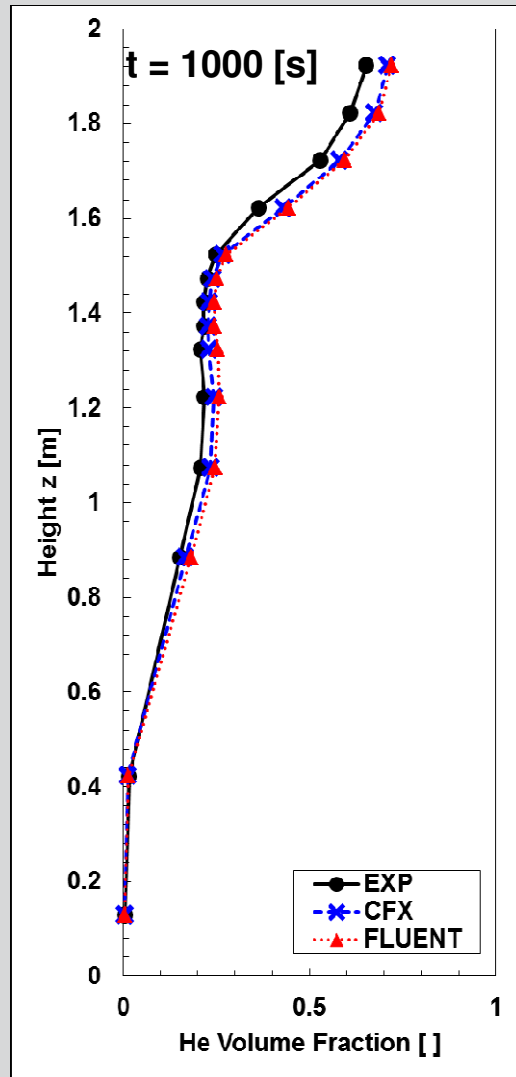
Results MPII_1

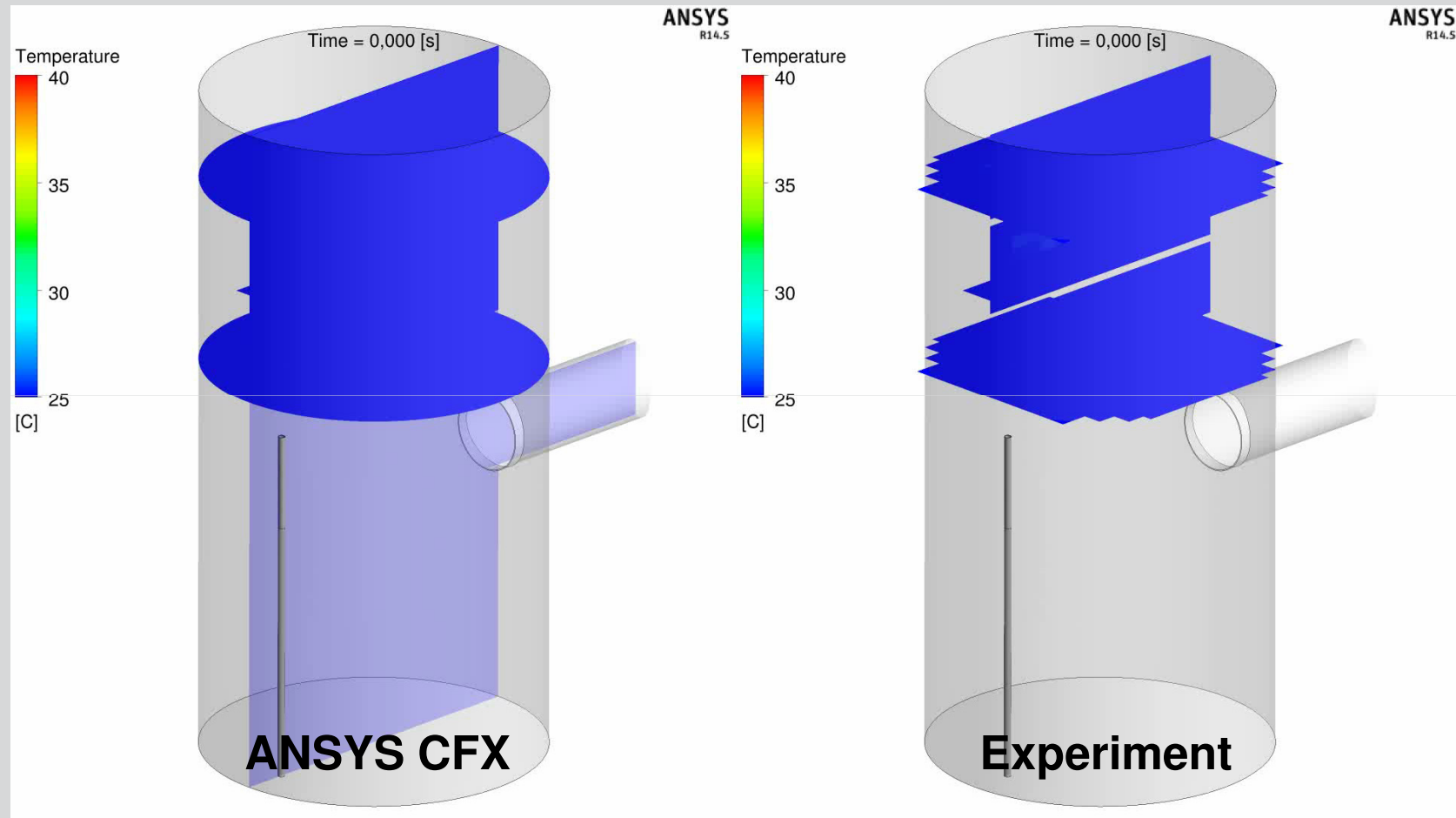


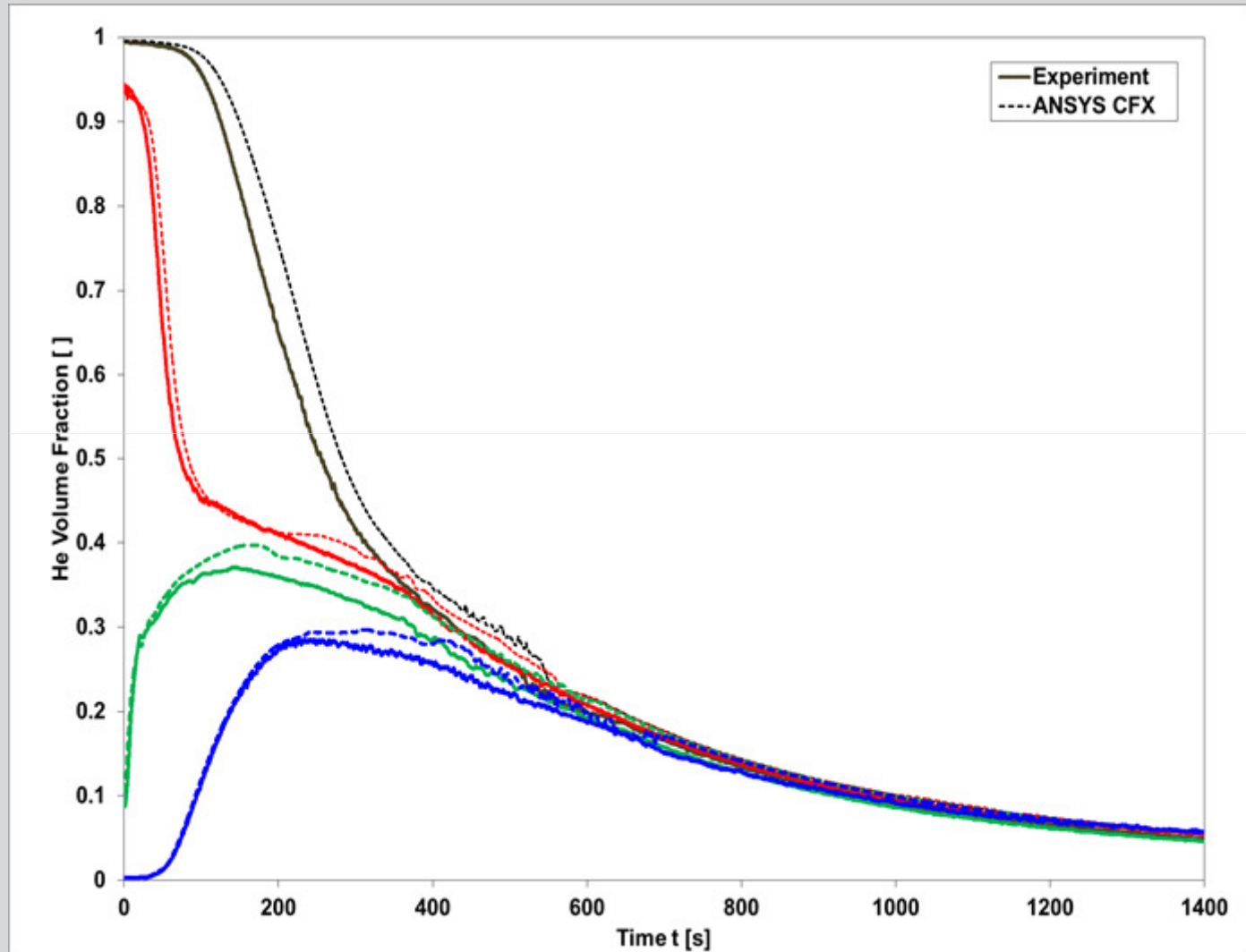
Results MPII_1



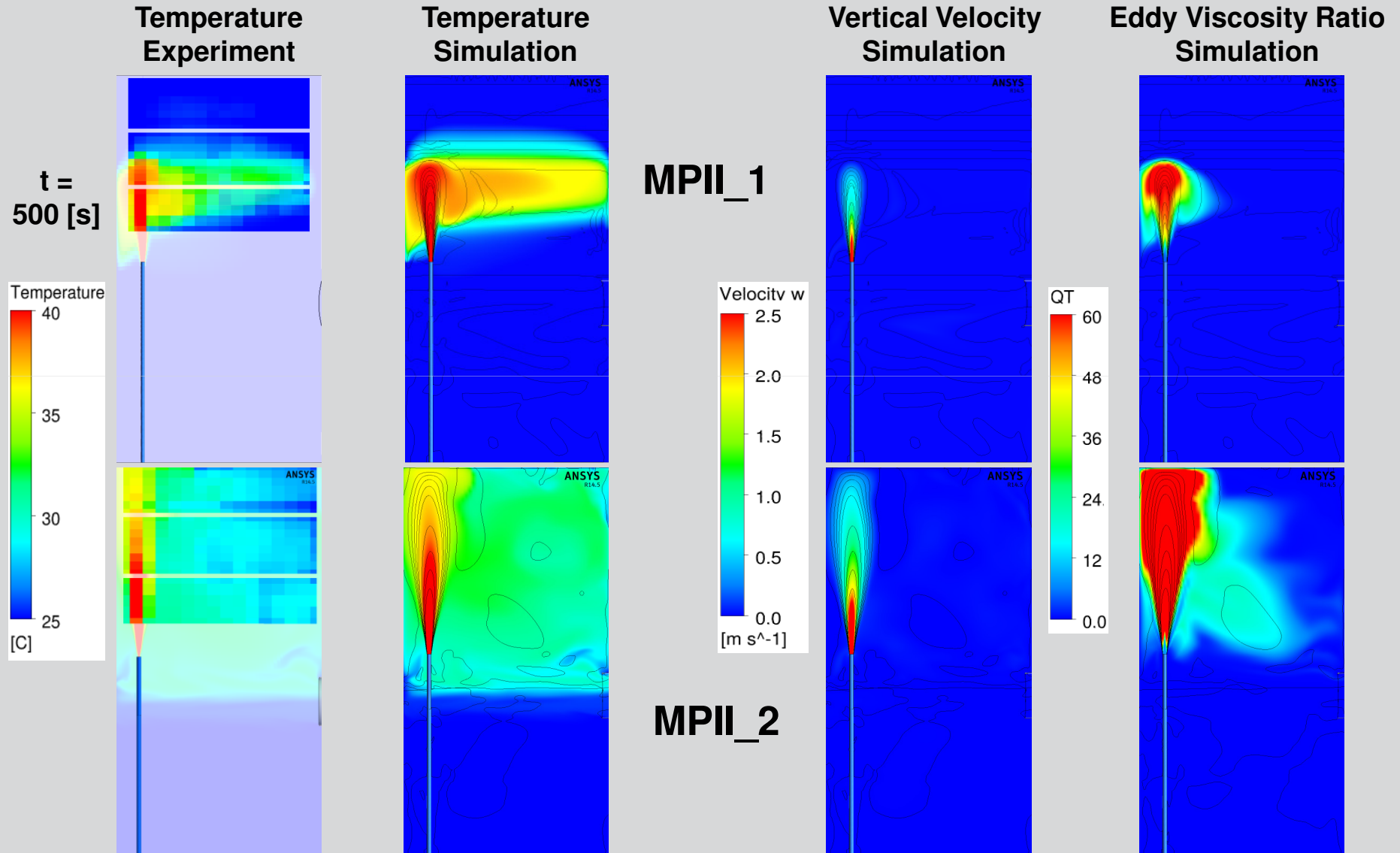
Results MPII_1





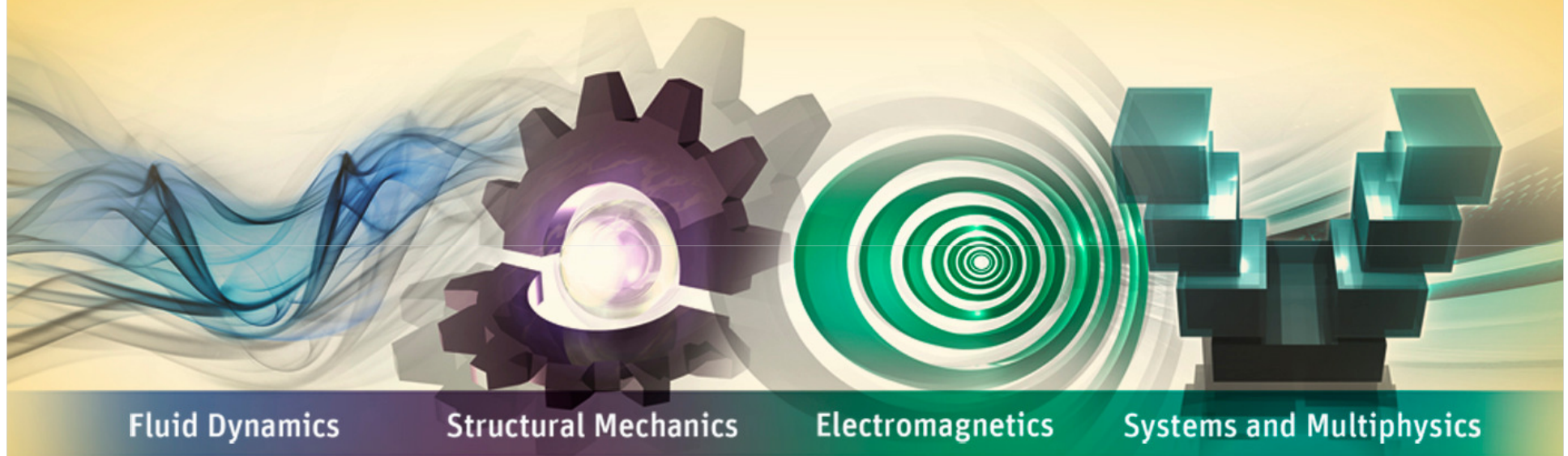


Comparison MPII_1 / MPII_2



- **CFD results in good agreement with He data**
 - ANSYS CFD has the ability to predict the turbulent mixing and transport of He in density- and temperature-driven buoyant flows
 - Good agreement between ANSYS CFX and ANSYS Fluent
 - Physical modeling applicable to variation of MiniPanda test conditions, i.e. variation of Re, Fr and Pe numbers
- **Agreement with temperature data less satisfactory**
 - Uncertainties in experimental boundary conditions for injected air temperature
 - Uncertainties in thermal BC's for vessel walls (heat capacity, heat flux)
 - better controlled experiment required

References



1. **St. Kelm, M. Ritterath, R. Heierli, H.-M. Prasser and H.-J. Allelein “Specification and Proposal for the MiniPanda – Layer Breakup Evaluation and Code Benchmark”**
2. **Ritterath, M.: Instrumentation and mixing experiments on safety relevant gas flows in containments of nuclear reactors, PhD thesis, ETH Zuerich, 2011**
3. **Ritterath, M. et.al.: MiniPanda – A small-scale-containment test facility with novel instrumentation is used for code validation for an air ingress scenario, NURETH-14, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, September 25-29, 2011**

- 4. Studer, E. et.al.: Interaction of a light gas stratified layer with an air jet coming from below: Large scale experiments and scaling issues**
- 5. Kelm, S., Ritterath, M. et al.: MiniPanda - Layer Breakup Evaluation and Code Benchmark, 20th German CFD Network Meeting, Garching, March 2012**
- 6. Poling, B. et.al. "The Properties of Gases and Liquids, 5th edition", pp. 11-10: Method by Fuller et al., 2000**
- 7. Wiki1, <http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Luft>**